(LIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2626.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1797.

INSPRUCK, *February* 7.

OUR condition is some what better since general Liptay's corps, who now has the command, has been reinforced to 10,000 men. A great number of marksmen advance likewise to occupy the mountains. All the inhabitants of Carintia and Carniola take up arms.

Venice is blockaded by the French from the land side, and many effects and several of the inhabitants of Trieste are gone to Hungary.

February 11.

The 4000 Darmstadt troops which were in Carniola, have already joined the army of general Alvinzi.

Great numbers of persons are flying from Botzen.

Yesterday the French unexpectedly attacked our advanced posts near Deutschmetz; took two pieces of cannon, and made some prisoners; but general Vucassovich soon arrived with a reinforcement, and repulsed the French with some lofs.

The archduke Charles has sent dispatches from this city to general Colli, at Rome.

The Austrian garrison in Mantua, which city is now occupied by 2000 French troops, was reduced by sickness and severe service to 12,000 men.

VIENNA, *February* 18.

A courier from Petersburg has brought the convention, which we learn has been signed there on the 26th ult. between the Austrian, Russian, and Prussian plenipotentiaries, relative to the payment of the debt of king Stanislaus Augustus and the ci-devant republic of Poland. In order to examine and liquidate those debts, a commission of nine members will be established at Warsaw, for which each court is to appoint three deputies. The pension destined for king Stanislaus will amount to 200,000 ducats.

By the same courier, important dispatches are said to have been received from Petersburg, besides the ultimatum of the emperor of Russia with regard to his taking any active part in the present war.

The Tyrolians have now offered to serve in a mass abroad.

TYROL, *February* 7.

The French penetrate farther and farther in our country. On the 4th inst. they entered Salurn four leagues from Botzen, where the Austrian head quarters had been. The congress of the states of Botzen has left that place. The military civil chests have been conveyed to Inspruck, at which place the archduchess Elizabeth still continued yesterday. We hope, however, to prevent the enemy from advancing farther. Detachments of regulars and militia arrive daily at Inspruck, and continue their march to the army.

A great number of Hungarian troops are arrived in the environs of Trieste.

February 9.

Among the corps of Vienna volunteers, which were made prisoners by the French on the 16th of January, near Mantua, were above 100 young noblemen of the first Austrian families. General Buonaparte has reviewed this fine corps, and said to the volunteers: "Your bravery does you honour." Among them is the young prince Paar, and count Montecuculi. To the latter Buonaparte returned his sword, and restored him to liberty.

FRANCFORT, *February* 7.

The elector of Bavaria has given the most positive assurance of friendship to the emperor, and entreated his majesty not to take the least umbrage at his augmenting his army in the electorate. His highness further informs the Imperial court, that the Palatine and Bavaria contingents shall speedily be sent to the army of the empire in the best conditions. The elector concludes, by expressing a belief, that his taking upon himself the defence of his own dominions, will afford some ease to the Austrian troops, and assigns that measure as the sole cause of the military preparations.

Letters from Inspruck of the 9th instant were received here yesterday, as stating, that the French have penetrated to the distance of one league from Botzen, and that general Liptay has in consequence retreated to Brixen.

The passage of the Imperial troops, from the Seig and the Lahn, on their march to Italy, still continues. The regiment of Storay and Ginlay passed this city last Sunday, and were followed yesterday and to-day by four battalions of grenadiers. In this manner a great part of the Imperial army will be detached from the Lower Rhine. On the Upper Rhine, several battalions who had orders to march to Italy, have had their march countermanded.

They say that the Prussians will extend the line of demarcation as far as Bendorff on the Rhine; from Bendorff to Mentz 10,000 Hessians are to be stationed; next to these the Saxons will be posted; in Suabia, Wurtemberg and Baden are to draw a cordon along the Rhine as far as Basil.

Mr. James Talbot, who is appointed minister to Switzerland, passed this day through Francfort on his way to Bern. He came from London, and belonged to lord Malmesbury's suite.

COLOGNE, *February* 10.

The last victory of the French in Italy, and the surrender of Mantua, has decided the plan of operations for the next campaign on the Lower Rhine; it will be offensive on the part of the republicans, and the instructions, already given to their generals by the Directory, admit of no doubt in that respect. General Hoche, appointed commander in chief of the Sambre and Meuse army, is daily expected with a division of the expedition troops of Brest, which is said to be 20,000 strong. Immediately after the arrival of this reinforcement, the passage of the Rhine will again be effected, and profiting of the weakness of the Austrian army on the right bank of that river, they will again push forward as far as possible.

FRONTIERS of ITALY, *February* 11.

Letters from Bologna of the 6th inst. announce, that another action has taken place between the Papal troops and that French column which penetrated to Faenza. The advantages which the French troops gained over the Papal troops were not owing to the lowness of the water in the river Senio, which the French easily forced and turned their enemies, but also to the treachery of a Corsican regiment in the pope's service, which declared in favour of the French, and wanted to go over to them; but part of that corps was cut to pieces by the Papal cavalry of prince Colonna.

PARIS, *March* 3.

A private letter from Massena, mentions, that the Imperial army under the command of prince Charles is stationed in front of him. That general intimates, that he is on the eve of carrying into effect some grand design, the result of which will subject the archduke to a fate similar to that of Wurmser, Alvinzi, and Provera. Massena adds, that he has received a considerable reinforcement of men and artillery.

We are assured that the Directory received this morning dispatches from Buonaparte, dated from the capitol!

The gallant Angereau arrived last night. He brought with him to be presented to the Directory, 60 stand of colours, taken from the enemy by the brave army of Italy.

LIVERPOOL, *March* 9.

Several of the London prints report that the Frenchmen landed at Fishguard, were of Charett's and Stoffet's ci-devant troops, and a news-paper printed in the neighbourhood speaks to the same purport; we have, however, good authority for supposing that the following account may be relied on.

The expedition was commanded by a general Tate, an American, commandant in chief. The officers were picked from different regiments, and even from the sea service, in which they had been during the war. They were ordered to embark and take their several commands, and were told they were going on a secret expedition. Their orders were sealed, and not to be opened till they landed, either at Bristol or at Milford Haven. They were accordingly landed with only four days provisions, and plenty of ammunition and arms. The orders, when opened, were, "That they were to burn, plunder, and destroy, wherever they went." The officers, on consultation, thought themselves very ill used in being sent on so dishonourable an expedition, and determined on capitulating, and surrendering. They had shot one, and punished others of their men, for pillaging. Neither officers nor men were to receive any pay. This report was made by a captain of one of their grenadier companies; the men that composed them were remarkably stout, and the whole, in general, able men.

LONDON, *March* 7.

From a letter received yesterday by the Lisbon packet, we received intelligence of a very gallant action between the Andromache frigate, and an Algerine of 40 guns, off Cape St. Vincent's. The Algerine, on the 10th of February, fell in with the Andromache cruising alone, and mistaking her for a Portuguese frigate, poured a broadside into her. The action was maintained with great severity on both sides, for upwards of an hour, when the Algerine ran the Andromache on board and hove in 60 men. They soon found they had not Portuguese to deal with. Every man that boarded the Andromache was killed. The Algerine finding this attempt fail, sheered off, and during the conflict with the boarders, escaped. The letter adds, that the loss on board the Andromache was not great.

The late extraordinary measures respecting the bank, we from the first considered as fraught with danger to a country depending on its credit, which, like the sensitive plant, shrinks at the slightest touch of constraint and arbitrary interference. We dare not look forwards to the consequences of these proceedings with a steady eye. We shudder at the prospect. The loss of battles, of fleets, of armies, of possessions, is trifling when compared to the depreciation of that paper money, which till now was equal to specie in the eyes of the political and commercial world. That our conceptions of the subject are just, appears from the consequent rise of the American funds. The deferred stock, which last week was at 63 is now 67, and the bank stock, from 101 is risen to 117. (*Star.*)

SALEM, *April* 21.

When the Imperial general Colalto, took Mantua by storm and plundered it on the 18th of July, 1630, all the curiosities, which were worth some millions, fell into the hands of the soldiers, by whom they were partly destroyed, and partly dissipated, or sold to persons who knew but little the value of such things. At that time, a common soldier was so lucky as to get a booty of eighty thousand ducats; but he was so bad an economist as to game it all away in in one night, for which Colalto hanged him the next day.

WILMINGTON, *(Del.) May* 5.

A report has been in circulation since Saturday last, that an American ship named the Alexander, belonging to Philadelphia, had arrived at Newcastle, from Jamaica. That before she left that island, the captain was much alarmed at the thought of being captured on his passage home, and therefore got on board cannon to the number of 12 or 14, determined not to be insulted by any vessel of equal force. He met with no obstruction during the passage, until close in with the Delaware Capes, when a vessel, which proved to be a French privateer, bore down, under a discharge of his chase guns. That the Alexander lay to, and quickly returned the fire; they came to close action: At length, whether by *inferiority of force*, or *want of bravery*, the Frenchman was compelled to *strike his colours to the American merchantman!!!* That, in the interim, a sail hove in sight, apparently the privateer's consort, to which the Alexander gave chase, and took her also. This was an American vessel, and taken possession of by the privateer.

That the captain of the Alexander having cleared this ship of the Frenchmen, and put them on board of their own, *dismissed* the privateer, with a charge to the captain "to shew *better manners* in future to any American vessel he should meet." The Alexander, with *her prize*, are said to be now at anchor off Newcastle.

It is a wonder that no mention is made of the *killed* and *wounded*, on board of either ship! the *havoc* must have been *great* on board the Frenchman, as from their multitudinous number, the *shot* from the Alexander must have done *immense execution*.

Nothing is advanced on our part to authenticate any part of the above. That such a vessel as the Alexander had arrived at Newcastle, in company with another, is not improbable; but that a French privateer, no matter how small her force, should be worsted by a merchant ship, appears to favour a little of *the wonderful!* If there is any truth in the story, it is most likely that these two vessels were stopped by the privateer, and afterwards dismissed. We should like to have the captain's account of this business.

CHARLESTON, *April* 13.

On the evening before the last, an officer of the revenue having discovered that a small sloop, lying at one of the wharfes of this city, had taken on board a quantity of powder and arms, he gave information, and a seizure was made: soon after it was made a report was spread, and information was given to the commanding officer of the militia, that this powder, and the arms, were intended to be put on board the French brig Eliza, commanded by captain Carvine, which is now ready for sea. In consequence of this information, an order was issued for a party of militia to take possession of the sloop. Before the party arrived some persons had removed part of the powder to a large vessel lying near; this movement confirmed the suspicions of those who had asserted it was intended for the brig Eliza, and it was generally understood that this would fully appear, when the inquiry was made.

We do not know that the inquiry has been made; but we are assured, from good authority, that whenever it is made, it will clearly appear, that no breach of the laws of the United States has in this instance been contemplated.

April 19. By the arrival of captain Scott accounts are received of general Pinckney's being at Amsterdam, where he arrived on the 17th of February. The public have been apprised of the general's fixed resolution to remain at the post which his country had assigned

him, until he ſhould receive ſomething more than verbal order from Mr. Delacroix to quit it. This determination of the general had been repeatedly communicated to the French miniſter, who, as repeatedly, had refuſed to commit to writing the order to quit, until the day after the accounts in Paris of Buonaparte's victory in Italy; and then he gave general Pinckney notice in writing, that he was charged by the Directory to inform him, "that he was ſubject to the law requiring all ſtrangers to quit the territories of the republic, as he had not received any particular permiſſion to remain thereon." Having thus received the official written notice, which the general had conſtantly inſiſted on receiving before he would quit the ſpot to which he had been ſent by his country, he then demanded his paſſports, which were accordingly given, and he withdrew to Amſterdam.

On Monday laſt arrived here in the brig Amſterdam, Mr. William Rutledge, from Amſterdam. This gentleman has furniſhed the following information:

"On the 26th of February he was at the Helder; he there ſaw Mr. Sylvanus Bourne, the conſul of the United States, who ſhewed him a letter he had juſt received from Mr. Dremonn, who had the charge of Mr. Bourne's affairs during his abſence from Amſterdam; this letter contained a copy of a paragraph, taken from the Leyden Gazette, which ſtated that citizen Noel, the miniſter of the French republic at the Hague, had been directed by the government of France to apply to the National Convention of Batavia, and requeſt of them that orders might be iſſued to treat the American miniſter, ſhipping and government exactly as the French republic treated them."

All the accounts received from Amſterdam ſtate, that there are immenſe preparations making in all the ſea ports of France, on the ſide of the Atlantic, for a ſecond naval expedition, which it is generally believed is intended againſt England or Ireland. Between 20 and 30,000 men are collected in the neighbourhood of Breſt.

Extract of a letter from Petit-Goave, dated March 27, 1797.

"Orders are iſſued by general Rigaud, ſaid to be in conſequence of advice from Mr. Ader, ſuſpending all ancient debts due to Americans, and there is no probability of a reverſion."

NORFOLK, *May* 1.

Saturday arrived, the ſchooner Friendſhip, captain Harris, 26 days from St. Bartholmews. By this veſſel, we learn, that the French continue capturing our veſſels.

Captain Harris alſo informs, that an American ſchooner, fitted at Baltimore, with 12 guns and 50 men, on or about the 25th of March, fell in with a French privateer to windward of Antigua, called La Mere Patrie, of 10 guns and 65 men.—The privateer ordered the captain of the American ſchooner to heave to and ſend his boat on board, and the veſſel's papers; this was refuſed; in conſequence of which, the privateer fired two broadſides into her: The American ſailors, enraged at the conduct of the privateer, fired, two broadſides in return, which killed the captain, lieutenant, doctor, and fifteen men.—The privateer then dropped her ſails and ſtruck her colours, but the Americans refuſed to take poſſeſſion of her; obſerving, however, an American prize brig to windward, ſhe ſtood for her, retook her, and brought her into Antigua—ſhe was from Norfolk bound to Antigua, with a cargo of corn and flour.—The French privateer went into St. Bartholomews, where ſhe got a new captain, and proceeded again to ſea.—She has ſince captured a New-Haven brig, from Martinique bound home, with one hundred hogſheads of molaſſes, and ſent her to Guadaloupe.

Annapolis, May 11.

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

The INSPECTOR, No. XI.

To the Inſpector.

——*Frailty thy name is woman.* SHAKS.

SIR,

YOU muſt not expect from me any of thoſe flattering profeſſions of friendſhip, or offers of ſervice, with which you are uſually addreſſed. Although I eſteem your publication, ſtill when my ſentiments differ from yours, or when you paſs too lightly and tenderly over diſagreeable truths, I ſhall take the liberty of giving you my thoughts, not only upon the *ſubject* of your paper, but alſo on the *manner* in which it is treated. You will eaſily perceive that I do not mean to ſolicit your advice, but only deſign to make ſome additional obſervations on a ſubject, of which you have already treated. The paper I allude to, is I believe, your 5th No. in which (excuſe my freedom) the fear of offending a particular part of your readers, has cauſed you to write rather in the obſequious ſtyle of a courtier, than with the boldneſs and dignity of an impartial Inſpector.

As I mean to deal openly and candidly with you, I will acknowledge that my mind is much irritated by a late unexpected diſappointment. And perhaps the fault of one woman, may have ſome ſhare in diſguſting me with the whole ſex. I will relate, in a few words, the cauſe of my diſpleaſure, and leave you to judge whether it is without foundation.—I was, ſome months ago, ſimple enough to fall in love with a lady, who, to do her juſtice, was adorned with every external accompliſhment. I was ſo captivated with her beauty, and blinded by the ardour of my paſſion, that I believed ſhe poſſeſſed every perfection, of which human nature was capable. As I had no mean opinion of my own merit, my hopes of gaining her affections were great—But I was totally unacquainted with the female heart. There was a little trifling fluttering beau, who rivalled my pretenſions. But conſcious of my ſuperiority in real worth, I looked upon him with the utmoſt contempt, and at firſt was under no apprehenſions from his oppoſition. I wiſh not, Sir, to be the trumpeter of my own merit, but in juſtice to myſelf, I am bound to declare, that I was much his ſuperior in every deſirable quality of the mind. He read and practiſed the precepts of Cheſterfield—I read Puffendorff, and knew more of laws of nature and nations, than of the manner in which a lady's affections are gained. Frequently when I was preſſing my ſuit with all the gravity of Zeno and the logic of Ariſtotle, he would come in with as much *grimace* as a French dancing-maſter, and pour out ſuch a torrent of compliments, and talk with ſuch volubility upon the moſt trifling and unintereſting ſubjects, that he entirely drew her attention and forced me to ſet ſilent, though ſwelling with indigiation. Nature, Sir, never deſigned me for a whining compliant lover. My pride could not brook her neglect, and evident preference of the being I deſpiſed. I therefore gave up the unequal conteſt, and reſigned the victory to my triumphant rival, with whom ſhe is ſince united in the bonds of matrimony. Had I been crowned with ſucceſs, I could not have been happy; and I rejoice in my eſcape, though my reſentment has not ſubſided.

This occurrence has ſoured my temper. I have ſince endeavoured to diſcover a lady whoſe inclinations and diſpoſition differed from my former dulcinea's—but in vain. They all nearly reemble each other, and I am at length compelled to believe there does not exiſt upon the face of this globe, a woman, who would not prefer the company and converſation of my contemptible rival to mine. I find myſelf incapable of pleaſing, and as I am extremely unwilling to ſuppoſe it ariſes from any defect in myſelf, I will throw the blame upon the female ſex. In doing this, I think myſelf amply juſtified, not only by my own obſervations, but alſo by examining the hiſtory of mankind. Wallingford tells us that the Daniſh mercenaries quartered in England, in the reign of *Athelſtan*, although very obnoxious to Engliſhmen, were the favourites of the fair; and the manner in which he accounts for it, proves that the female ſex were then juſt the ſame as I ſuppoſe them to be at the preſent time, only not altogether ſo refined. He ſays that the Danes were effeminate in their manners, combed and curled their hair every day, and were particularly careful of the neatneſs of their dreſs, and the beauty of their perſons, and by that means captivated the hearts and gained the affections of the Engliſh ladies: While the martial, though tough and unpoliſhed Engliſhman, whoſe attention was chiefly directed to military exerciſes and the ſervice of his country, was treated with the utmoſt contempt. Now, Sir, if you can judge impartially of what is here related, you will not heſitate to paſs the moſt unqualified cenſure upon the ladies of that age. Indeed I think them leſs excuſable than thoſe of the preſent day, as their education was certainly very different, and the poliſh and refinement of the Danes not remarkably great. At leaſt the ſame degree of elegance and effeminacy would be but a poor recommendation to any lady with whom I have the *honour* to be acquainted.

I was a little diverted at the manner in which you propoſe to diſcover the degree of civilization in any country, by aſcertaining the influence of the female ſex. If by civilization you mean that exceſſive refinement which borders on degeneracy, perhaps you are right. But in the true ſenſe of the word, your doctrine is undoubtedly erroneous. For, whenever men become tired of governing, and reſign their power to the weaker ſex, it is rather a mark of degeneracy than civilization, and no great argument either of their happineſs or virtue. But as you reſide in Annapolis, I apprehend you have imbibed the ruling principles of that faſhionable place, and when you addreſs yourſelf to the ladies, are more anxious to pleaſe than inſtruct. When you made the obſervation, upon which I have criticiſed, I dare ſay you only intended to *compliment* your female readers, well knowing that they were neither able nor willing to detect its fallacy. But, however proper the habit of *complimenting* may be, when in company with the fair, I muſt confeſs I ſhould be better pleaſed, if I ſaw leſs of it in your Inſpector.

I am, &c. TIMON.

IT is ſcarcely neceſſary to apologize for publiſhing the above cynical communication, as my correſpondent has treated me with as little ceremony as he has the ladies. I muſt, however, obſerve to him, that his reſentment has hurried him beyond the bounds of reaſon; and I ſuſpect he has *deſignedly* miſtaken the intention of the No. with which he ſeems ſo much diſpleaſed. In his letter it is eaſy to diſcover the language of diſappointment. But although *he* entertains a high opinion of his own merit, which he gives us to underſtand in pretty plain terms, it does not, by any means, follow, that the ladies are bound to be pleaſed with his company and converſation. And if he is not treated with ſufficient reſpect and attention, I ſuſpect the fault is his own, although he *very generouſly* throws the blame upon the female ſex." O.

Duvall & Rigby,

BEG leave to inform the public, and their friends, that they have taken the houſe lately occupied by Mr. Wm. ALEXANDER, in Cornhill-ſtreet, where they have juſt received, and offer for ſale, a genteel aſſortment of GOODS, ſuited to the preſent ſeaſon; they have alſo an excellent aſſortment of GROCERIES, which they will ſell on the moſt reduced prices for caſh.

To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Thurſday the 18th inſtant, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at the Vineyard plantation of the late JOHN HALL, Eſq; of the city of Annapolis, deceaſed,

SOME valuable work horſes, mares and colts, cattle of all kinds, among them are ſome valuable work oxen, young ſteers now fit for the yoke, cows and calves, and ſundry other young cattle, ſheep and hogs; alſo a variety of houſehold furniture, conſiſting of good feather beds, tables, chairs, plate, &c. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock, and continue till all is ſold. The terms will be made known on the day, by

The LEGATEES.

May 11, 1797.

Lands to be Rented in Culpeper county, Virginia, for a term of Years.

ABOUT 4000 acres of excellent farming land. The tenements are to be taken either in the woods or on highly improved open lands, with comfortable dwelling-houſes to each tenement, as the tenant may chooſe. Thoſe lands are in the higheſt eſtimation for fertility, and have been cultivated with ſucceſs.

They are ſixty from Alexandria, forty miles from Dumfries, and thirty-two miles from Frederickſburg and Falmouth; in the vicinity of ſix conſiderable manufacturing mills. Meadow land, and wood, is conveniently attached to each tenement, and no tenement will exceed two hundred acres. The country is high and healthy, and the lands conſiſt of the very ſineſt low grounds, and excellent red oak and hickory; high ground adjoining them.

It will be expedient for thoſe who wiſh to become tenants, to view the lands previous to the firſt day of July next, on which day the proprietors will attend at the Elkwood mills, in the county aforeſaid, to meet and grant leaſes to all thoſe who wiſh to become tenants. It is expected that ſufficient evidences of reſponſibility and good character, will, in every caſe, accompany an application—for no perſon will be treated with who does not produce the ſame.

ROBERT BEVERLEY, Junior.
CARTER BEVERLEY,
WILLIAM KNOX,
THOMAS T. KNOX.

Culpeper county, April 20.

George-town Bridge Company.

Extract of an act paſſed by the legiſlature of the State of Maryland, on the 29th December, 1791, entitled, An act for erecting a bridge over Patawmack river.

"AND be it enacted, that the ſaid directors, or "any two of them, ſhall and may require "any ſum or ſums of money, in equal proportion, "from each and every proprietor, as may from time "to time be neceſſary for carrying on the building "of the ſaid bridge, and, after giving three months "public notice, it ſhall and may be lawful for the "directors to ſue for and recover, in the name of the "company, ſuch unpaid requiſition, with all coſts and "charges incidental thereto, and legal intereſt thereon "from the time the ſame ſhould have been paid; "and the neglect or refuſal to pay any ſuch requiſition, after public notice ſhall have been given at "leaſt for three months in all the news-papers herein "before enumerated, ſhall have the effect to forfeit "all preceding payments made on the ſhare or ſhares "ſo neglected or refuſed to be paid, to the uſe and "benefit of the company."

The above extract is publiſhed for the information of ſuch of the ſtockholders as have not complied with the requiſitions heretofore made; they are as follow: On the 1ſt Nov. 1795, 20 dolls. on the 10th May, 1796, 40 dolls. on the 20th July, 1796, 40 dolls. on the 1ſt Sept. 1796, 40 dolls. and on the 1ſt Nov. 1796, 60 dolls. Caution is now given, that after the expiration of the time limited for the continuance of this advertiſement (three months) the law will be carried into rigid and complete effect againſt all the delinquents.

By order of the Directors,
WALTER SMITH, Treaſurer.

George-town, May 1, 1797.

Charles Faris,

Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received a freſh aſſortment of Gold, Silver, and Gilt warranted WATCHES, Gold, Gilt and Steel Chains, Seals, and Keys, with a variety of other articles in his line.

He likewiſe carries on the Silverſmith's buſineſs, in all its branches.

N. B. The higheſt price given for Old Silver.

In CHANCERY, May 4, 1797.

Leah Townſend vs. *Littleton Townſend, and others.*

THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the ſale of the real eſtate of JOSHUA TOWNSEND, deceaſed, late of Worceſter county, for the payment of his juſt debts; it ſtates that the ſaid LITTLETON TOWNSEND reſides in the ſtate of Delaware; it is, on motion of the complainant, adjudged and ordered, that the cauſe a copy of this order to be inſerted, at leaſt three weeks ſucceſſively, in the Maryland Gazette before the end of the preſent month, to the intent that the defendant aforeſaid may have notice of her application to this court, and of the object of her bill, and may be warned to appear here, on or before the firſt Tueſday in October next, to ſhew cauſe wherefore a decree ſhould not paſs as prayed.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, April 15, 1797.

ORDERED, That on application of any perſon concerned, at any time after the firſt day of October next, the chancellor will proceed to a dividend of the money ariſing from the ſales of the real eſtate of THOMAS HOW RIDGATE, deceaſed, amongſt ſuch of the ſaid Ridgate's creditors as ſhall then have exhibited their claims, and eſtabliſhed them to the chancellor's ſatisfaction, provided a copy of this order be inſerted at leaſt once in each of three ſucceſſive weeks in the City Gazette and in the Maryland Gazette, before the end of May next.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

The thorough bred running HORSE LAMPLIGHTER,

Will ſtand the enſuing ſeaſon at Mount Air, near Piſcataway, in the State of Maryland, to cover mares at the moderate price of four guineas the ſeaſon, the money to be ſent when the mares are taken away, and the ſeaſon to end the 10th of Auguſt next. Good and extenſive paſturage at half a dollar per week for the mares, and the greateſt care taken of them, but will not be liable for accidents or eſcapes.

LAMPLIGHTER is a beautiful bay, upwards of fifteen hands and an half high, elegantly formed, and poſſeſſed of as many running points as any horſe on the continent. His extraordinary performances on the turf at the Bowling-Green in October, 1793, at five years old, when oppoſed to and beat the two celebrated running horſes Belle-Air and Camilla, juſtly entitle him to be ranked among the beſt running horſes ever known in this country; his colts ſhew he is inferior to no horſe as a foal-getter.

Lamplighter was got by Hart's imported horſe Old Medley, his dam by Lonſdale, out of col. Braxton's imported mare Kitty Fiſher.

The bay horſe Lonſdale was got by Jolly Roger, out of a bay mare bought of Sir John Ramſden, baronet, late lord Lonſdale's, ſhe was got by Monkey, her dam by lord Lonſdale's black Arabian, her granddam by lord Lonſdale's bay Arabian, her great-granddam by Coney Skins, her great-great grand-dam by Dodſworth, out of the younger of the two royal mares bought of Mr. Darcy by the firſt lord Lonſdale.

N. B. Mr. Darcy was maſter of the horſe to king William.

EDWARD EDELEN.

Mount-Air, April 10, 1797.

ALL perſons having claims againſt WILLIAM CRANDELL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are deſired to make them known to JOSEPH M'CENEY, or the ſubſcriber, on or before Saturday the 27th of this month, and to meet on that day in perſon at Pig-Point.

The ſubſcriber's object for requeſting a meeting is, to aſcertain the amount of the debts, and make ſome propoſals to the creditors towards the ſettlement of the ſame, which may perhaps ſave them much trouble and expence.

NATHAN SMITH, Adminiſtrator.

May 10, 1797.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Charles county, near Port-Tobacco, a young negro man named JESS, about twenty-one or twenty-two years of age, is a ſpare, ſprightly, well looking black fellow, about five feet nine inches high, has a remarkable ſcar on one of his wriſts. Whoever takes up ſaid fellow, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures him ſo that I get him again, ſhall be entitled to TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

JOHN CHAPMAN.

May 6, 1797.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 19th of April, a negro woman who ſays her name is ANNE, ſhe is about five feet five inches high, chunky built; her cloathing is a calico gown, brown ſtuff petticoat, and white linen apron. Her owner is deſired to come and take her away in two months from the above date, or ſhe will be ſold for her priſon fees, and other expences.

RICHARD HARWOOD, Sheriff
of Anne-Arundel county.

May 3, 1797.

THERE is at the plantation of the Mils Hoods, near the Head of South river, taken up as a ſtray, a bay MARE, about fourteen hands high, eight years old, branded on the right ſhoulder with the letter M, has a long tail, and hanging mane. The owner may have her again by proving property, and paying charges.

By order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Wedneſday the 17th inſt. at the late dwelling houſe of THOMAS JENINGS, Eſq; deceaſed,

SUNDRY articles of houſehold and kitchen furniture; alſo a very valuable collection of law and miſcellaneous books. A credit of ſix months will be given for all ſums above ten pounds, on the purchaſer's entering into bond, with approved ſecurity.

THOMAS JENINGS, Adminiſtrator.

For SALE,

A FEW acres of LAND, adjoining the College Green, very ſuitable for clover lots. Apply to

W. ALEXANDER.

By order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 13th inſt. at the late dwelling houſe of THOMAS JENINGS, Eſq; deceaſed,

SEVERAL country born NEGROES, conſiſting of men, women and children. The ſale to begin at 11 o'clock.

THOMAS JENINGS, Adminiſtrator.

Patowmack Company Shares For SALE.

On the third Monday in June next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the houſe of Mr. JOHN GADSBY, in Alexandria,

TWELVE SHARES of the Old Stock in the ſaid Company, unleſs, in the mean time, the owners of thoſe ſhares pay to WM. HARTSHORNE, treaſurer, the ſeveral balances due thereon.

TOBIAS LEAR, Preſident,
JOHN TEMPLEMAN,
JAMES KEITH,
PHILIP R. FENDALL,
JOHN MASON,
} Directors.

April 13, 1797.

GIDEON WHITE,

BEGS leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has juſt commenced buſineſs in the ſtore houſe formerly occupied by Mr. ROBERT JOHNSON, fronting the market, where he has for ſale an aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon, alſo GROCERIES, all of which he will ſell at the moſt reduced prices.

May 3, 1797.

To be SOLD, on the PREMISES, on Tueſday the 9th inſtant,

THE LAND whereon I now live, containing 400 acres, or more, about 10 miles from the Federal City, and 15 miles from Alexandria; on this land is a fine mill ſeat, and a new mill building; alſo a fine ſeat juſt below that may have the advantages of both ſtreams, which never fail, and every timber on the ſpot, and from the great advantages of fine meadows, and nearly one half fine timber, I can venture to ſay no land in the ſtate is ſuperior. Alſo a quantity of valuable SLAVES, and STOCK of all kinds. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale; if it proves a bad day the firſt fair day.

CHARLES BURGESS.

Prince-George's county, May 3, 1797.

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thurſday the 11th day of May next, at the houſe of Mrs. MARGARET STEUART, in the city of Annapolis,

ALL the perſonal eſtate of the late Captain JOHN STEUART, deceaſed, conſiſting of ſundry valuable ſlaves, one milch cow, and a variety of houſehold and kitchen furniture. The ſale to commence at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, for READY MONEY only.

MARGARET STEUART, Executrix,
ROBERT DENNY, Executor.

THE creditors of the ſaid JOHN STEUART are once more requeſted to exhibit their claims, legally authenticated, to the executors, on or before the firſt day of June next, and to appear at Mr. WHARFE's tavern, in Annapolis, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on that day, that their claims may be ſettled, and their proportion of aſſets paid.

MARGARET STEUART, Executrix,
ROBERT DENNY, Executor.

Annapolis, April 25, 1797.

Imported Millinery

Of the lateſt and moſt elegant faſhions.

Mrs. WILLIAMS

HAS the honour of acquainting the ladies, ſhe has imported in the Montezuma, from London, part of her ſpring patterns, amongſt which are, the Jockey, Caroline, and Telegraphe bonnets; alſo, the elegant full dreſs cap, as worn the queen's birth night, 16th January laſt. Likewiſe received, by the Patriolen, from Liverpool, a handſome collection of oſtrich and fancy feathers. Mrs. Williams will ſhortly receive the remainder of her ſpring patterns from a different milliner in London, that the ladies may have a greater choice of variety. She being determined to ſpare no pains or expence to merit a continuance of commands from the ladies of this city and the country adjacent. By the Adriana (daily expected) ſhe will receive a very handſome collection of ſilk goods, alſo every article uſed in the making of millinery.

Ladies at any diſtance ſending their orders in writing will be ſerved ſame as if preſent, and the articles forwarded with the utmoſt care, by land or water carriage.

The ladies are moſt reſpectfully informed, no abatement will be made from the price aſked, or can any article of millinery be returned or exchanged.

London millinery ſtore, Lemmon-ſtreet, firſt ſtreet above Gay-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite South-ſtreet, leading to the new theatre, Baltimore, April 3, 1797.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of JOHN G. WORTHINGTON, late of the city of Annapolis, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in, legally authenticated, and thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment, to

BRICE J. WORTHINGTON, Executor.

Notice,

THAT the COMMISSIONERS of the TAX for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the city of Annapolis, on the ſecond Tueſday of May next, and will continue ſitting from day to day for twenty days, to hear appeals and make tranſfers of property.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. C. T. A. A. Cy.

THE PARISH of ALL HALLOWS, in Anne-Arundel county, being now vacant, the VESTRY will receive applications from any epiſcopal miniſter between this and Whitſunday next.

By order of the Veſtry,

JOHN JACOB, Regiſter.

April 26, 1797.

St. Mary's county, near Leonard-town, April 24, 1797.

ALL perſons having claims againſt JOSHUA MILLARD, late of St. Mary's county, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in, properly authenticated, and all thoſe indebted to make immediate payment, to

JOSEPH MILLARD, Executor.

Will cover this ſeaſon, at Weſt river, at the farm of RICHARD SPRIGG, Eſq; at eight dollars a mare, and one dollar to the groom, READY CASH, or at twelve dollars a mare, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is paid by the firſt day of October next,

BELSIZE,

A FINE bay colt, now riſing four years old, full fifteen hands high, he was got by Governor STONE's high bred imported horſe PAYMASTER, his dam by CHARLES CARROLL, (of Carrollton) Eſq's. well known horſe BADGER, his grand-dam by col. LLOYD's horſe TRAVELLER, his great-grand-dam by col. TASKER's imported horſe OTHELLO, his great great-grand-dam by the imported horſe OLD SPARK, out of the high bred imported mare QUEEN MAB.

Good paſturage, in a good fence, GRATIS, for thoſe mares with which the caſh is ſent, and for others at three ſhillings and nine-pence per week. No mare will be received unleſs the caſh, or a note, is ſent with her to Mr. DAVID M'GILL, overſeer; who will ſuperintend, but not be anſwerable for eſcapes or any other accidents.

At the ſame place will cover the well known coach horſe HARDY, now riſing ten years old, at four dollars, if the money is ſent with the mare, or ſix dollars if paid by the firſt day of October next.

DON PEDRO,

A Jack Aſs, got by ROYAL GIFT, (a remarkable ſure foal getter) will alſo cover at the ſame place, at ſix dollars ſent with the mare, or eight dollars paid by the firſt day of October next.

Good paſturage for mares, but none will be received unleſs the caſh, or a note, is ſent with them to Mr. DAVID M'GILL, who will not be anſwerable for eſcapes or other accidents. 10 w

April 25, 1797.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody as runaways, three negroes, two men and one woman, one committed on March 12th, by the name of DICK, who ſays he belongs to Mr. JOHN WASTENEYS, of Anne-Arundel county. One committed on April 18th, by the name of ZELIM, a French negro, who ſays he belongs to Mr. NICHOLAS FEBRUARY, of Georgetown, near the Federal City; his cloathing is a ſhort blue upper jacket, brown under jacket and trouſers. And RACHEL, committed on April 19th, who ſays ſhe formerly belonged to Mr. THOMAS FREEMAN, but was ſold to Mr. GEORGE SMITH, of Loudon county; her cloathing is a calico gown, a calico ſhawl, and blue under petticoat. Their maſters are deſired to take them away in two months from their ſeveral dates, or they will be ſold for their priſon fees, and other expences, agreeably to law.

RICHARD HARWOOD, Sheriff
of Anne-Arundel county.

April 22, 1797.

Twelve Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Monday the 24th of April from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, a negro man named WILL, he ſometimes calls himſelf BILL WATKINS, he is about five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, of a black complexion; he had on when he went away a Bath coating ſailor's jacket, lined with red flannel, a ſtriped ſwandown under ditto, and white country cloth trouſers, and ſundry other cloathing, ſo that he may change them as may beſt ſuit his purpoſe. I expect he may be in the neighbourhood of South river, as his father I underſtand lives with Mr. HENRY HALL. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and confines him any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

JOHN MERRIKEN.

Broad Neck, April 26, 1797.

TAKEN up, in November, 1796, drifting, full below the Three Siſters, a YAWL, about 18 feet long, with her ſtem torn quite out, very much racked, is now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber. Whoever it belongs to will prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

PETER PARISH.

Anne-Arundel county, April 8, 1797.

By virtue of a deed of truft from capt. SAMUEL MAYNARD to us, will be SOLD, on the premiſes, on Thurſday the eighth day of June next, if fair, or the firſt fair day, on twelve months credit, the ſale to be continued from day to day until all is ſold, the purchaſers to give bond, with approved ſecurity, before any thing will be delivered,

THAT valuable plantation whereon the ſaid Samuel Maynard now lives, ſituated within two miles of Herring Bay, containing about 250 acres, with ſome improvements thereon. Alſo a number of country born negroes, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, the ſtock of horſes, cattle, hogs, and ſheep, plantation utenſils, houſehold and kitchen furniture.

And, on Thurſday the fifteenth day of June, will be ſold, at Lower-Marlborough, a parcel of European goods, one half of the ſchooner Friendſhip, with her tackle and furniture, as ſhe now lies in Patuxent river. Further particulars will be made known on the day of ſale.

JOHN THOMAS,
JOSEPH WILKINSON, } Truſtees.

P. S. All perſons who have, or formerly had, connexions with capt. Maynard in trade, are requeſted to produce the books, or a ſtatement from ſaid books, with all bonds and accounts relative to ſuch concerns, on or before the day of ſale, and all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid Samuel Maynard are hereby called on to make them known, and all indebted to make payment to the truſtees.

J. T.
J. W.

Eighty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber's farm, about ſeven miles from Annapolis, on Wedneſday, the 5th inſtant, two ſlaves, WILL and TOM; they are brothers. WILL, a ſtreight, tall, well made fellow, upwards of ſix feet high, he is generally called black, but has rather a yellowiſh complexion, by trade a carpenter and cooper, and in general capable of the uſe of tools in almoſt any work; ſaws well at the whip ſaw, about thirty years of age, when he ſpeaks quick he ſtammers a little in his ſpeech. TOM, a ſtout well made fellow, a bright mulatto, twenty-four years of age, and about five feet nine or ten inches high; he is a complete hand at plantation work, and can handle tools pretty well. Their dreſs at home, upper jackets lined with flannel, and overalls of a drab colour, but they have a variety of other cloathing, and it is ſuppoſed they will not appear abroad in what they wear at home. Will writes pretty well, and if he and his brother are not furniſhed with paſſes from others, they will not be at a loſs for them, but upon proper examination may be diſcovered to be forged. Theſe people, it is imagined, are gone for Baltimore-town, as Tom has a wife living there, with Mr. Thomas Edwards. For taking up and ſecuring the two fellows in the gaol of Baltimore-town, or any other gaol, ſo that I get them again, a reward of eighty dollars, and for either forty dollars.

THOMAS HARWOOD.

Annapolis, April 10, 1797.

JOHN MUNROE,

Boot and Shoe-maker,

HAVING been ſome time without Morocco leather, takes this method to inform his cuſtomers, and the public in general, that he has received from London, per the Montezuma, a large and handſome aſſortment of prime Morocco leather, of various colours, fancy and plain; kid ditto of different colours; Morocco and kid ſandal vamps, handſomely worked, boot legs, vamps, and bend ſoles, and a parcel of excellent ſeal ſkins, ſuitable for ladies or gentlemen, all which he will make in a neat and faſhionable manner, or according to direction.

He returns his ſincere thanks to a generous public, and his friends in particular, for paſt favours, and hopes to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Annapolis, April 12, 1797.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the general aſſembly of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for an act to enable the corporation of the city of Annapolis to lay a tax, not exceeding three ſhillings and nine-pence current money in any one year, for every hundred pounds of property within the ſaid city, and the precincts thereof.

ALL perſons who are indebted to the eſtate of JOHN HALKERSTONE, late of Prince-George's county, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have claims againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to make them known to the ſubſcriber.

ELIZABETH HALKERSTONE, Admx.

Upper-Marlborough, April 5, 1797.

THE partnerſhip of PINKNEY and GUYER is by mutual conſent this day diſſolved; all perſons being indebted to the ſaid firm are requeſted to make payment, and thoſe having claims to exhibit them for ſettlement.

JONATHAN PINKNEY.
JOHN GUYER.

Annapolis, 23d March, 1797.

THE partnerſhip of Doctors MURRAY and SHAAFF expiring this day, they requeſt all thoſe indebted to them for profeſſional ſervices to call on either of them, or Mr. John Owen, to ſettle their accounts.

J. MURRAY,
J. T. SHAAFF.

Annapolis, 30th March, 1797.

Bank of Baltimore.

1ſt April, 1797.

THE PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the BANK of BALTIMORE having taken into conſideration the great advantages likely to ariſe to the Bank from having the remaining one half of the capital paid, and being authoriſed by the charter to call for this payment at ſuch time as they may appoint, do therefore give notice, that Monday the 5th day of June next, and the five following days, are fixed on for the ſtockholders to pay the remaining one hundred and fifty dollars on each ſhare, in gold or ſilver, at the bank aforeſaid.

JAMES COX, Caſhier.

N. B. It is intended that the firſt half yearly dividend ſhall be declared on the above-mentioned 5th day of June.

FERRY BOATS.

THE ſubſcribers beg leave to inform the public in general, that they have built two large convenient FERRY BOATS, for the conveyance of gentlemen and their horſes and carriages, &c. THOMAS TUCKER, on Weſt river, in Anne-Arundel county, runs to Kent Iſland and Talbot county, on the Eaſtern ſhore; WILLIAM W. HADAWAY, on the bay ſide, in Talbot county, oppoſite to Weſt river, runs to Weſt river and there about. As this is by far the moſt convenient rout from the Federal city or Alexandria to Eaſton, Cambridge, or any of the adjacent towns or counties on the Eaſtern ſhore, and will be attended with much leſs expence than any other paſſage to the before-mentioned place, we are determined to pay the greateſt attention, in order to give every ſatisfaction in our power to thoſe that will pleaſe to favour us with their cuſtom.

THOMAS TUCKER,
WILLIAM W. HADAWAY.

March 28, 1797.

Twelve Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on the 25th September laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, a negro woman named HENNY, formerly the property of Mr. GASSAWAY RAWLINGS, of ſaid county, ſhe is about 35 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, ſlender made, and dark complexion, large eyes, long hair, and on cloſe examination you may diſcover, on the top of her forehead, a few white hairs; her common apparel when ſhe left my ſervice was ſtriped country cloth jacket and petticoat, her under waiſtcoat is of courſe white country cloth, bound round with red, but as ſhe has taken a variety of cloathing it is expected ſhe will change as may beſt ſuit her own purpoſe; I do expect ſhe has obtained a forged paſs for her freedom, and that ſhe is harboured in or near Annapolis. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro woman, and confines her in any gaol, ſo that the ſubſcriber gets her again, ſhall receive the above reward, and if brought home reaſonable charges paid, by

SAMUEL MACCUBBIN.

N. B. All perſons are forbid harbouring or carrying off ſaid woman at their peril.

S. M.

Mulberry Hill, March 16, 1797.

Annapolis, March 20, 1797.

ALL perſons having juſt claims againſt the eſtate of JOHN HALL, Eſq; late of Anne-Arundel county deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit them, legally authenticated, to the ſubſcriber, that they may be paid, and thoſe who are indebted to the eſtate are requeſted to make payment without delay.

ELEANOR HALL, Executrix of JOHN HALL.

N. B. Mr. Hall, in his life-time, lent a number of his books to his acquaintances. Thoſe who have them are requeſted to return them to me.

E. H.

Merrikin's Contract for ſale.

THE ſubſcribers will ſell 274¾ acres of good land, called MERRIKIN'S CONTRACT, about ſeven miles from Annapolis, on the north ſide of Severn, laying directly on Magothy river, and is partly ſurrounded with ſaid river and a fine creek; the improvements may be made comfortable, at a ſmall expence; there is on this valuable land an abundance of the beſt pine for ſhips, ſpars, &c. beſides a conſiderable quantity of cheſnut and oak timber. Veſſels of any burthen may load cloſe in with the ſhore; perhaps there are few places within the bay that has ſuch advantages for fiſhing and fowling. The terms will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, and a more full deſcription given on the 8th day of June, on the premiſes, when it will be ſold to the higheſt bidder. Mr. Hampton Roberſon, living on the premiſes, will ſhew the land.

HENRY HALL DORSEY,
HENRY EVANS.

Anne-Arundel county, March 17, 1797.

Annapolis, 15th February, 1797.

I OFFER for SALE my PLANTATION near this city, it contains two hundred and thirty-ſeven acres, about one half thereof in wood; it borders on the Severn river, and is ſituate between two and three miles from this city. There are ſeveral very beautiful ſituations and proſpects, commanding a view of the river and bay. The improvements are, an overſeer's houſe, a kitchen, and a new framed barn. It has alſo ſeveral ſprings of excellent water. Poſſeſſion may be had immediately.

HENRY RIDGELY.

Valuable property for ſale for Caſh, or exchanged for property in the Federal City.

On the ſecond Thurſday of May next will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, if not diſpoſed of at PRIVATE SALE before that day,

ALL that valuable PROPERTY, ſituate on BLOOMSBURY SQUARE, in the city of Annapolis, containing one acre and an half, the whole is laid out in three ſeparate lots, one in the tenure of WILLIAM COOKE, Eſq. a large brick building, handſomely ſituated, with every convenience and improvement, ſuitable for any gentleman; the adjoining brick building, now in the poſſeſſion of Mr. FOWLER, with conveniences and improvements; five framed houſes, with gardens, now in the poſſeſſion of different tenants; the whole rents for two hundred and ten pounds per annum. This property is under leaſe for ninety-nine years, and the unexpired term has yet to run fifty-one years. This property will be ſold, to accommodate the purchaſer, either in ſeparate lots, or the whole. Alſo a tract of LAND, containing four hundred acres, now in the tenure and occupation of Mr. EPHRAIM DUVALL, lying in Anne-Arundel county, extending from the river Severn to the river Magothy, within five miles of the city of Annapolis, and twenty-five from Baltimore-town; on this land is an excellent dwelling-houſe, kitchen, and other out houſes, a large orchard of choice fruit; this land lies in a healthy ſituation, and very convenient to oyſters, crabs, and a great variety of fiſh and wild fowl in their reſpective ſeaſons. A further deſcription of this property is deemed unneceſſary, as any one inclined to purchaſe would doubtleſs wiſh to view the ſame. The title to this land is indiſputable, and on the purchaſe money being paid a conveyance in fee-ſimple will be immediately given. The terms of ſale will be known by applying to the ſubſcriber, in the city of Annapolis.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

The ſubſcriber has ſeveral thouſand acres of land, in the ſtate of Virginia, lying on the waters of the Great Kenhawa, near that valuable tract of the late Preſident, which he will exchange for property in the Federal City.

W. W.

March 8, 1797.

HIGH FLYER,

Will ſtand this ſeaſon, to cover mares, at South-river ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at ſix guineas and one dollar for each mare, if credit is expected, but three guineas and one dollar will be taken if ſent with the mare, or paid at the end of the ſeaſon.

HIGH FLYER was bred by Richard Tatterſall, got by his High Flyer, which covers now in England at thirty guineas a mare, and never was beat. Thiſtle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, ſhe was the dam of Mr. Hutchiſon's Thiſtle, which was own brother to High Flyer, who was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, ſhe was the dam of Mr. Shafto's hunter Omnium, Herald, Miſs Barforth, &c. his great-grand-dam by Partner, ſhe was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowſy, Toriſmond, Alcides, the dam of Young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Privateer and Villager, all capital runners, his great-great-grand-dam by Mateleſs, Brimmer, Place's White Turk, great-grand-dam of Carnouch, Dodſworth, Layton Barb Mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

A large lot will be encloſed for favourite mares at 3/9 per week, but not accountable for eſcape or accident.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT 1000 or 1200 acres of LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, on the ſouth ſide of Magothy river, adjoining the water, and about ſix or ſeven miles from Annapolis; the greater part of the ſaid land is well timbered, it will afford a great quantity of wharf logs, ſpars and yards, &c. timber and wood of any kind may be conveyed either to Baltimore or Annapolis with very little trouble. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe the above land may be informed of its ſituation by applying to captain CHARLES ROBINSON, in Baltimore-town, or may view the premiſes by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Annapolis. If required immediate poſſeſſion will be given, with an indiſputable title.

P. H. WATTS.

March 4, 1797.

WHEREAS I gave my bond to DANIEL SMITH for thirty pounds current money, in the year of our lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſix, and the year following I became ſecurity for the ſaid Daniel Smith in a bond payable to EDWARD ABELL, for a larger ſum of money, part of which I have paid to the ſaid Edward Abell, and I ſtill remain ſecurity for the balance due on ſaid bond, I therefore forwarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment from Daniel Smith of my bond, as I will not pay off the ſaid bond, nor any part thereof.

JOHN AVIS.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.